

your global specialist

Industrial sector

The recipe for your success.

Speciality lubricants for the food-processing industry



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Reduce contamination risks, increase efficiency

Manufacturers of food products know that a good recipe is key to a good product. This applies both to the ingredients used for meat, bakery or dairy products and beverages and to the operating materials used in the plant. Choosing the right lubricant based on a proven recipe pays off. Klüber Lubrication offers H1 lubricants meeting your requirements.

Clean production ...

Day after day, one challenge is to avoid contamination of food products during manufacturing while making production processes as efficient as possible. It is best practice to use specially registered and certified lubricants to keep contamination risks in the plant as low as possible and to ensure that the long-standing good reputation of your company is not jeopardised. There are many applications in the food industry, such as agitators, blowers, mixers, fillers, ovens, compressed air and packing machines, where the lubricant used in components could come into contact with food products. There is also a risk of using the wrong lubricant for the application and of bringing lubricants that are unsuitable for food applications in contact with the food product. We therefore recommend using H1 lubricants exclusively for the entire production process.

... with high-performance H1 lubricants

Registration in the H1 category is based on a strict raw materials list. As per requirements established by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA), H1 lubricants must comply with regulation 21 CFR 178.3570, which defines that H1 lubricants are suitable for incidental contact with the food product. In addition to the above, there are also other categories like 3H, K1, HT1 for products used for different applications like release agents, cleaners and heat-transfer fluids, respectively.

Klüber Lubrication can provide the entire range of products for the food-processing industry with the necessary registration.

Certified hygiene for the entire process

ISO 21469 is the international standard for the hygiene requirements for the formulation, manufacture and use of H1 lubricants used in the food-processing and pharmaceutical industries. The NSF developed a certification procedure on the basis of ISO 21469, which includes annual inspection of the lubricants-producing plant by an NSF auditor to check strict

adherence to hygiene requirements, preventing contamination during the manufacture of H1 lubricants. In order to get a plant certified under ISO 21469:2006, it may be necessary to make some changes in the manufacturing process calling for heavy investments to enable compliance. Klüber Lubrication was amongst the first few companies which were able to comply with the stringent requirements of this standard and has more certified production plants than any other. Not only our products but the whole manufacturing process of our H1 lubricants is certified. This ensures complete protection against contamination during lubricant manufacturing.

High-performance lubricants pay off

Lubricants for the food-processing industry are subject to a multitude of requirements: on the one hand, they have to comply with food regulations, be physiologically inert, neutral in taste and odour and internationally approved. They also have to reduce friction and wear, protect against corrosion, dissipate heat and have a sealing effect. Selecting the right lubricant is therefore crucial when it comes to improving reliability and the service life of parts and components. The investment in high-quality lubricants pays off by reducing maintenance and operating costs in the long run. In this brochure, you will find a selection of our food machinery lubricants, grouped according to their usual applications. These lubricants have proven their worth over the decades and have been further developed to adapt them for today's operating conditions and parameters. We have the right solution for almost all applications. If there is a part or component that you don't find in this brochure, just contact one of our specialists for advice.

We are where you are

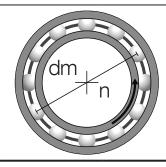
It is our aim to offer you high-quality speciality lubricants and services around the globe along with the high technical competence Klüber Lubrication is known for. We meet this aim through our worldwide network of production and sales companies, competent dealers and last, but not least, through our highly specialised experts ready to respond to your individual requirements.

Lubricating greases for rolling bearings, plain bearings and linear guides

In addition to their basic function of enabling machine movements, rolling bearings, plain bearings and linear guides used in the food industry need to perform satisfactorily when under attack from ambient media, such as water, steam or cleaning agents, or when exposed to high or low temperatures. The correct selection of the lubricating grease to cope with these conditions is crucial for lower maintenance costs and to avoid unplanned machine stops.

The following table gives you an overview of H1 synthetic greases, developed on the basis of several decades of experience, for achieving the highest performance in each lubrication challenge in the food industry.

| Application | Product | NLGI grade DIN | Service temper range | ~ | Base oil viscosity | Speed factor* [mm × min ⁻¹] | Base oil | Thickener | NSF H1 reg. |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|---|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | 51818 | From [°C] | To [°C] | 40 °C [mm²/s] approx. | | | | num- ber |
| Temperatures up to 160 °C | Klüberfood NH1 94-301 | 1 | -35 | 140 | 300 | 400,000 | PAO | Calcium complex | 140682 |
| Low and medium speeds | Klüberfood NH1 94-402 | 1-2 | -30 | 160 | 400 | 300,000 | PAO | Calcium complex | 139051 |
| | Klüberfood NH1 34-401 | 1 | -30 | 140 | 400 | 500,000 | PAO | Calcium complex | 149161 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 14-222 | 2 | -25 | 120 | 260 | 400,000 | PAO | Aluminium complex | 128827 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 64-1302 | 2 | -10 | 150 | 1,300 | 100,000 | PAO | Silicate | 136697 |
| Temperatures down to -50 °C | Klüberalfa BF 83-102 | 2 | -50 | 200 | 110 | 1,000,000 | PFPE | PTFE | 139418 |
| High speeds | Klübersynth UH1 14-31 | 1 | -45 | 120 | 30 | 700,000 | PAO, ester | Aluminium complex | 056356 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 14-151 | 1 | -45 | 120 | 150 | 500,000 | PAO | Aluminium complex | 056354 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 64-62 | 2 | -40 | 140 | 65 | 500,000 | PAO, ester | Silicate | 136871 |
| Temperatures up to 300 °C | BARRIERTA L 55/1 | 1 | -40 | 260 | 420 | 300,000 | PFPE | PTFE | 129561 |
| Low and medium speeds | BARRIERTA L 55/2 | 2 | -40 | 260 | 420 | 300,000 | PFPE | PTFE | 129400 |
| 0,0000 | Klüberalfa HPX 93-1202 | 2 | -30 | 300 | 1,200 | n.a. | PFPE | Solids | 138460 |



^{*} The speed factor is made up of the rpm at the operating point n in [min⁻¹] and the mean bearing diameter dm in [mm]. Lubricants that are suitable for high rpm are dynamically light, which prevents the lubricant film from rupturing at high speeds.

High: 500,000; medium: 300,000-400,000; low: < 300,000.



Ambient media

Cleaning agents, steam and hot water can be very aggressive towards lubricated rolling bearings, compromising the sealing capacity of the bearing. As a consequence, not only is the consumption of grease increased, but the lifetime of the lubricated component is shortened.

A water washout test evaluates the behaviour of a lubricant under dynamic conditions (DIN 51 807; ASTM D 1264). The test determines how much grease a jet of hot water (79 °C) can remove in 1 hour. Greases are rated according to performance as: #1 – less than 10 % removed, #2 – between 10 % and 30 % removed, and #3 – more than 30 % removed.

Klüber Lubrication rolling bearing greases mentioned in this brochure are rated #1 using stricter parameters, 3 hours duration and water at 90 °C. These greases provide excellent protection against media and offer lower consumption.

High-temperature greases

Components operating in hot environments, such as baking and cereal drying processing, cannot afford to fail. A production halt not only results in extra costs for spare parts and production, but also involves a considerable waste of heating energy.

Upper service temperatures for Klüber Lubrication bearing greases are defined according to the FE-9 test method (DIN 51 821, DIN 51 825), assuring reliable performance of the lubricant within the service range.

Greases like **BARRIERTA L 55/2** and **BARRIERTA L 55/1** combine excellent media resistance with thermal stability for temperatures up to 260 °C. They are preferred in the food industry by OEMs and operators looking for reliability and high performance.

Klüberalfa HPX 93-1202 can cope with even more severe conditions, being adequate to lubricate bearings subjected to 300 °C, anticipating future needs and promoting a much longer bearing and grease lifetimes.

Low-temperature greases

Both during production and when preserving foodstuffs, cold environments are an integral part of food manufacturing. Imagine the impact of a stoppage on a conveyor or electrical motor bearing operating inside a freezing tunnel at -40 °C.

Low-temperature stability is evaluated by a **flow pressure test** (DIN 51 805) and the **low-temperature torque test**. Generally, the temperature at which a flow pressure of 1,400 mbar is generated will be stated as the lowest service temperature of rolling bearing greases.

Low temperature torque test (ASTM D 1478)

For Klüber Lubrication rolling bearing greases, the low-temperature torque is also evaluated for dynamic conditions. The service temperature is then confirmed only if the starting torque is below 1,000 Nmm and running torque is below 100 Nmm.

Lubricating greases exhibiting a minimal consistency increase at low temperatures, for example **Klübersynth UH1 14-31, Klübersynth UH 14-151 and Klüberalfa BF 83-102,** provide excellent low-temperature stability, being adequate for operation down to –45 or –50 °C while maintaining low torques and flow pressures.

Friction torque and load-carrying capacity

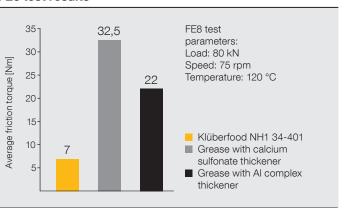
Grease formulation has a very significant influence on friction torque and operating temperature. Additionally, the interaction between the thickener and the base oil when submitted to high loads can generate more torque and consequently greater energy consumption.

FAG-FE8 (DIN 51 819) tests are performed on lubricants subjected to high loads. The test runs for 500 hours for greases. Loads applied can vary from 5 to 100 kN and speeds from 7.5 to 6,000 rpm with different ball and roller bearing types.

Test results are the friction torque and the temperature curve, in addition to wear (mg) of the rolling elements.

Klüberfood NH1 34-401 has shown remarkably low friction torque operating at the FE8 test bench, which is three times lower than the best comparable competitor technology.

FE8 test results



Changeover from industrial to H1 greases

When changing from an industrial to H1 grease, for components where complete cleaning is not possible, you need to be aware of the remaining non-H1 grease.

To obtain the "H1 condition" as quickly as possible, relubrication intervals must be reduced, particularly after the grease changeover process.

The more frequently H1-registered grease is applied to the bearing, the sooner the old grease is squeezed out completely.

Hint:

Clean the grease nipples prior to applying new grease to ensure contaminants are not forced into the bearing.



Grease miscibility

The following table indicates the general compatibility between oils and thickeners.

We recommend avoiding mixing different types of grease without prior evaluation. For further advice, please contact your Klüber Lubrication specialist.

Miscibility of base oils

| | Mineral | PAO | Ester | PAG | Silicone | PFPE |
|------------|-------------|-----|-------|-----|----------|------|
| Mineral | + | + | + | - | _ | _ |
| PAO | + | + | + | - | _ | _ |
| Ester | + | + | + | + | _ | _ |
| PAG | - | _ | + | + | _ | _ |
| Silicone | _ | _ | _ | _ | + | _ |
| PFPE | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | + |
| + miscible | – not misci | ble | | | | |

Miscibility of thickeners*

| | | | Metal | soaps | | | Cor | nplex so | aps | | Oth | Other thickeners | | |
|---------------------|-----------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----------|------------------|------|--|
| | | Al | Ca | Li | Na | Al | Ва | Ca | Li | Na | Bentonite | Polyurea | PTFE | |
| S | Al | + | +/- | + | +/- | + | +/- | + | + | +/- | + | + | + | |
| soap | Ca | +/- | + | + | + | + | + | + | +/- | + | + | + | + | |
| Metal soaps | Li | + | + | + | - | + | + | + | + | - | +/- | +/- | + | |
| Σ | Na | +/- | + | - | + | + | + | +/- | +/- | + | - | + | + | |
| <u> م</u> | Al | + | + | + | + | + | + | +/- | + | +/- | +/- | +/- | + | |
| Complex soaps | Ва | +/- | + | + | + | + | + | +/- | +/- | + | + | +/- | + | |
|) S | Ca | + | + | + | +/- | +/- | +/- | + | + | + | +/- | + | + | |
| ошб | Li | + | +/- | + | +/- | + | +/- | + | + | +/- | + | +/- | + | |
| O | Na | +/- | + | - | + | +/- | + | + | +/- | + | - | + | + | |
| S | Bentonite | + | + | +/- | - | +/- | + | +/- | + | - | + | + | + | |
| Other thickeners | Polyurea | + | + | +/- | + | +/- | +/- | + | +/- | + | + | + | + | |
| thic | PTFE | + + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | + | |

⁺ miscible

^{+/-} partially miscible

⁻ not miscible

^{*} Base oils must be miscible

Lubricating oils for gears and bearings

Special solutions by Klüber Lubrication help you achieve the goals of higher revenue with increased food safety and an improved ecological footprint. Our special gear oils ensure long maintenance intervals, high efficiency and lasting component protection, even at the gear's performance limits.

The following Klüber Lubrication gear oils are manufactured with fully synthetic bases to achieve the highest performance. They are used and recommended by the largest gear manufacturers. Our specialists will recommend the right oil for your requirements. Together we can lower your maintenance costs, energy consumption and CO_2 emissions.

| Application | Product | Base oil | ISO VG DIN 51519 | Service temper range | ~ | Viscosity index ISO 2909 | Energy saving | NSF H1 reg. |
|--------------------------------|--|------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | | | number |
| Low temperatures | Klüber Summit HySyn FG 32 | PAO | 32 | - 45 | 135 | ≥ 120 | ++ | 133733 |
| [down to -45 °C] | Klüberoil 4 UH1-15 | PAO, ester | 15 | | 110 | ≥ 120 | ++ | 136436 |
| Normal | Klüberoil 4 UH1-150 N | PAO, ester | 150 | -30 | 120 | ≥ 140 | ++ | 121172 |
| temperatures [up to 120 °C] | Klüberoil 4 UH1-220 N | PAO, ester | 220 | -30 | 120 | ≥ 140 | ++ | 121171 |
| | Klüberoil 4 UH1-320 N | PAO, ester | 320 | -30 | 120 | ≥ 150 | ++ | 122841 |
| | Klüberoil 4 UH1-460 N | PAO, ester | 460 | -30 | 120 | ≥ 150 | ++ | 121170 |
| | Klüberoil 4 UH1-680 N | PAO, ester | 680 | -25 | 120 | ≥ 150 | ++ | 121169 |
| High temperatures | Klübersynth UH1 6-150 | PAG | 150 | -35 | 160 | ≥ 210 | +++ | 124437 |
| [up to 160 °C] | Klübersynth UH1 6-220 | PAG | 220 | -30 | 160 | ≥ 220 | +++ | 124438 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 6-320 | PAG | 320 | -30 | 160 | ≥ 220 | +++ | 124439 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 6-460 | PAG | 460 | -25 | 160 | ≥ 220 | +++ | 124440 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 6-680 | PAG | 680 | -25 | 160 | ≥ 240 | +++ | 124441 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 6-1000 | PAG | 1,000 | -25 | 160 | ≥ 250 | +++ | 147019 |
| | es is available in ISO VG from 32 to 6 ies is available in ISO VG 100 to 1,00 | , | | | | | performance/k performance/ | |

Operating temperature

Industrial gears in the food industry operate in environments with temperatures between -40 and 80 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$

However, the oil temperature can sometimes reach 150 °C depending on the type of gear and the application. The heat generated in a gear system (gear wheels, bearings and the lubricant) is one of the most important criteria for evaluating the gear's performance. Apart from design influences, oil temperatures mainly depend on the operating conditions.

It is important to ensure that the permissible temperature limits are not exceeded in individual gear components, the lubricant and the accessories.

Operating temperatures that are above average or temperature peaks often indicate malfunctions or incipient damage.

Hint:

When using mineral oil-based gear oils, an oil temperature of 75–80 °C should not be exceeded.



Benefits of synthetic gear oils from Klüber Lubrication

In addition to the wide service temperature range, synthetic gear oils offer many advantages compared to mineral oils:

- Oil change intervals are 3 to 5 times longer
- Higher wear protection
- Better cold start with the same nominal viscosity (ISO VG)
- May not require oil coolers due to reduced temperatures
- Reduced friction leads to lower energy costs

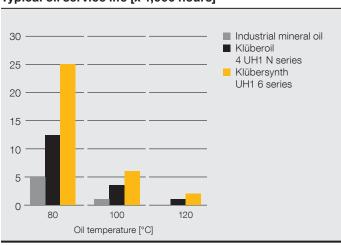
Comparison of viscosity indexes (VI)

| Type of gear oil | VI, approx. |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Mineral oil | 85 to 100 |
| Klüberoil 4 UH1 N series | 135 to 160 |
| Klübersynth UH1 6 series | 210 to 270 |

Oil lifetime

The prolonged service life of synthetic lubricants and the consequent longer oil change intervals can reduce equipment downtime and save resources.

Typical oil service life [x 1,000 hours]



Behaviour in worm gearboxes

The following graph compares different base oils tested under the same conditions.

Test conditions

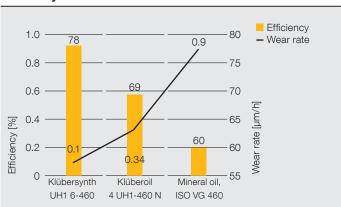
Input speed: 350 min⁻¹ Output torque: 300 Nm Test duration: 300 h

Test gear

Standard worm gear Material, worm: steel 16MnCrS5 Material, wheel: GZ-CuSn12Ni

The results show a significant improvement in efficiency and reduction of wear when using food-grade synthetic oils from Klüber Lubrication

Efficiency and wear behaviour

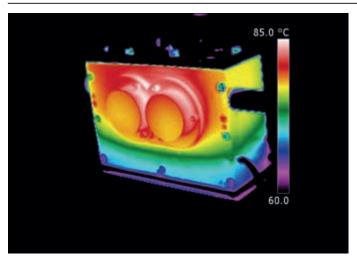


Efficiency determined on the Klüber Lubrication worm gear test rig

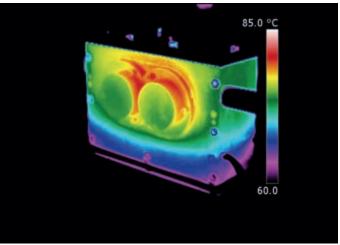
Gear oils' temperature behaviour in spur gears

Most temperature behaviour comparisons are focused on worm gears. Changing over from mineral to synthetic base gear oils offers very good potential for temperature reduction in these What about spur gears? The spur gear is the most-used type of gearbox in the food industry. At the same time, it is the gear application where it is most difficult to show improvements when comparing with mineral oils.

The synthetic gear oils made by Klüber Lubrication offer significantly higher efficiency than a standard gear oil based on mineral oil, resulting in a lower oil temperature even in spur gears, as shown in the thermal pictures.



Standard gear oil: mineral oil, ISO VG 220



Synthetic H1 gear oil from Klüber Lubrication: Klüberoil 4 UH1-220 N

Improved efficiency by reducing gear friction losses

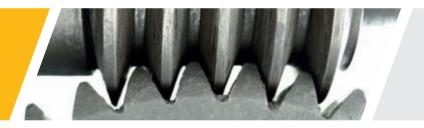
Synthetic gear oils based on polyalphaolefin, ester or polyglycol show a considerably lower gear friction coefficient than mineral oils due to their particular molecular structure. The friction generated in gears with synthetic oils can be more than 30 % lower than with industrial EP mineral gear oil.

Even in spur gears, an oil temperature reduction from 85 °C with mineral oil to 80 °C with Klüber Lubrication synthetic gear oils based on PAO can be achieved. This results in a reduction of energy consumption, longer lifetime of the gearbox and less maintenance.

Due to the lower friction coefficients of synthetic gear oils, they help reduce gearing losses considerably and hence increase gear efficiency. Particularly in gearboxes with a high proportion of sliding friction, e.g. worm or hypoid gears, a changeover from mineral to synthetic gear oils can lead to increases in efficiency of more than 20 %.

Friction coefficients of various gear oils determined on the twin-disk machine

| | Friction coefficient | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2 m/s | 4 m/s | 8 m/s | | | | | | |
| Mineral oil | 0.060 | 0.050 | 0.040 | | | | | | |
| Klüberoil 4 UH1 N series | 0.040 | 0.030 | 0.020 | | | | | | |
| Klübersynth UH1 6 series | 0.020 | 0.014 | 0.011 | | | | | | |
| Test conditions | | | | | | | | | |
| Hertzian pressure p _H | | 1,000 N/ | mm² | | | | | | |
| Slip | | 20 % | | | | | | | |
| Oil injection temperature | | 90 °C | | | | | | | |
| ISO VG | | 150 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

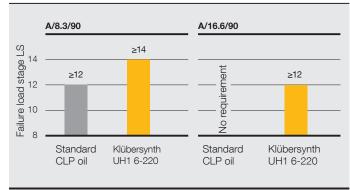


Reliability through protection for all gear components

The performance capability of high-performance gear oils refers to all the gear components to be lubricated, i.e. gear teeth, rolling bearings and radial shaft seals. Gear oils from Klüber Lubrication are developed to the highest standards in order to offer superior protection for your machinery.

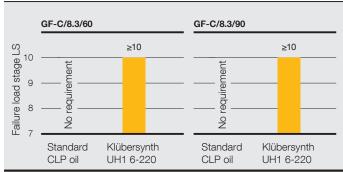
Gears – scuffing: The FZG scuffing test is generally undertaken to test the capability of gear oils to protect against scuffing damage. Load stage 12 of the FZG scuffing test is the minimum requirement for CLP oils. Klüber Lubrication's gear oils surpass this level, offering superior protection even under extreme shock load conditions.

FZG scuffing test (results)



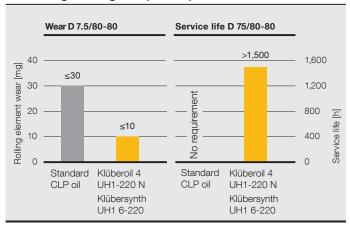
Gears – micropitting: The micropitting test according to FVA 54/7 has become the industry standard for assessing a gear oil's micropitting load-carrying capacity as low, medium or high. Klüber Lubrication's gear oils are classified as having high micropitting resistance.

FZG micropitting test (results)



Bearings: Gear damage is often caused by high rolling bearing wear or premature fatigue of rolling bearings. The influence of high-performance gear oils on the wear behaviour of rolling bearings is measured in the FE8 wear test. Klüber Lubrication's gear oils surpass this test's minimum requirements for CLP oils, while also fulfilling the requirements of the FE8 lifetime test. Consequently, these rolling bearings can attain the service life projected by the bearing design engineer.

FE8 rolling bearing test (results)



Seals: Wear-induced leaks from radial shaft seals at an early stage require expensive cleaning and repair. Lube & Seal, the joint project between Freudenberg Sealing and Vibration Control Technology and Klüber Lubrication, has brought about perfect harmonisation of lubricant and seal. In this combination, Klüber Lubrication's high-performance gear oils enable continuous operation without premature seal failure.



Changeover from mineral to H1 PAO synthetic gear oil

Klüberoil 4 UH1 N series Klüber Summit HySyn FG series

Every changeover from mineral to synthetic food-grade oil should be performed with great care. It may not be enough to simply drain the used mineral oil and fill in the new synthetic oil.

Older gears can be assumed to contain oil residues in the casing, the oil lines, etc., which might be dissolved by synthetic oils. If such residues are not removed, they may cause problems during operation.

Oil lines and filters may be clogged; seals, pumps and teeth damaged. By replacing approx. 10 % of the existing mineral oil fill with **Klüber Summit Varnasolv**, oil residues can be dissolved to make cleaning of the gear easier.

To prevent damage, the gear or lubricant circulation system should be flushed with the new synthetic oil after the old oil has been drained, ideally at operating temperature.

Flushing should be repeated once or twice to ensure that most of the mineral oil residues are removed and food safety is not impaired.

The food-grade gear oil that was used for flushing must not be used for lubrication afterwards. However, it can be kept for further flushing operations. Prior to filling with the fresh synthetic oil, the oil filters or filter elements should be replaced. Changeover from mineral oil to polyglycol (PAG)

Klübersynth UH1 6 series

Polyglycol food-grade oils are neither miscible with mineral oils, nor other synthetic gear oils.

Polyglycols from different manufacturers are miscible. However, their content should be kept as low as possible in order to avoid affecting the properties of the original gear oil.

When using polyglycol food-grade oils, make sure you know the materials of your seals, paints and inspection glasses in order to rule out undesirable interaction with the lubricant.

Due to incompatibility of the bases, flushing is always recommended, even when the general condition of the mineral oil is good.

Our specialists can always provide you with specific instructions for the replacement of gear oils.

Hint:

Hot oil will facilitate the draining procedure as viscosity is lower at higher temperatures. You will be able to drain the used oil faster and retain a minimal quantity inside the gearboxes.

Lubricating greases for use in gearboxes and centralised lubricating systems

Gears sometimes require greases for lubrication; they come in the form of compact units with lifetime lubrication, or they are conventional gearboxes facing other kinds of challenges. Greases applied in such gear conditions or in centralised lubrication systems must be soft enough to be pumped through narrow pipes leading to the friction points. The following table sets out a selection of soft greases which are recommended for centralised lubrication systems in beverage filling machines or compact gearboxes lubrication. E.g.: **Klübersynth UH1 14-151** for PS.C units from SEW.

| Application | Product | NLGI grade DIN 51818 | Base oil | Thickener | Service temper range | ~ | Base oil viscosity | NSF H1 reg. |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | 40 °C [mm²/s] approx. | number |
| Gears and centralised | Klübersynth UH1 14-151 | 1 | PAO, ester | Aluminium complex | -4 5 | 120 | 150 | 056354 |
| lubricating systems | Klübersynth UH1 14-1600 | 00 | PAO, ester | Aluminium complex | -45 | 120 | 160 | 136695 |
| | Klüberfood NH1 94-6000 | 000 | PAO | Calcium complex | -45 | 120 | 60 | 143372 |
| Multipurpose lubricating grease | PARALIQ GA 3400 | 00 | Mineral | Aluminium | -45 | 110 | 235 | 137942 |

Lubricating oils for compressors and vacuum pumps

Whether you are compressing ammonia (NH₃) and carbon dioxide (CO₂) for keeping food cool, or adding carbon dioxide (CO₂) to your beverages, or even compressing air for blowing beverage bottles, compressors are key elements for food production and preserving, they are necessary in the daily life of every food processing plant.

Mechanical failures can lead to serious production and revenue losses. Therefore, choosing the right compressor oil is vital. Have you ever imagined how lubricants can influence your operating costs? Or how lubricants can reduce your energy consumption? The lubricant is a relatively small investment which can make a big difference. Here are some good reasons why you should optimise the performance of your compressors with lubricants from Klüber Lubrication.

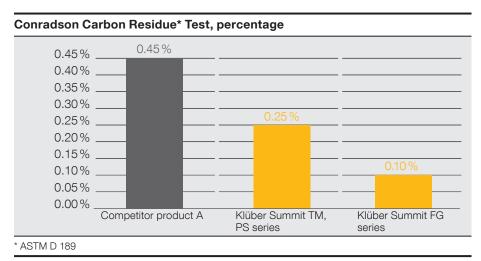
Air compressor and vacuum pump food-grade oils

| Application requirement | Product | Base oil | ISO VG DIN 51519 | Viscosity Index | Flash point [°C] | Pour point [°C] | NSF H1 reg. number |
|--|----------------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Screw-type air | Klüber Summit FG 100 | PAO | 32 | ≥ 120 | ≥ 230 | ≤-50 | 143606 |
| compressors, up to 5,000 hours | Klüber Summit FG 200 | PAO | 46 | ≥ 120 | ≥ 240 | ≤-50 | 143607 |
| changing intervals ** | Klüber Summit FG 250 | PAO | 68 | ≥ 120 | ≥ 250 | ≤-48 | 143609 |
| Rotary screw-type air compressors, up to 10,000 hours changing intervals ** | Klüber Summit FG Elite 46 | PAO | 46 | ≥ 130 | ≥ 250 | ≤-40 | 150874 |
| Reciprocating | Klüber Summit FG 300 | PAO | 100 | ≥ 120 | ≥ 250 | ≤ -45 | 143610 |
| air compressors | Klüber Summit FG 500 | PAO | 150 | ≥ 120 | ≥ 250 | ≤-38 | 143608 |
| Vacuum pumps | Klüber Summit HySyn FG 100 | PAO | 100 | ≥ 120 | ≥ 240 | ≤ -40 | 133736 |

^{**} The indicated oil change intervals are guide values which are based on practical experience. They depend on the intended use, the application method and the technical condition of the compressor.

Less oxidation residues

Klüber Summit FG series products reduce oxidation residues in pistons and valves for an extended compressor lifetime.





Energy saving

Energy is a major factor in air compressor operating costs. Synthetic lubricants from Klüber Lubrication offer a significant economic advantage by improving thermal and mechanical efficiency. They exhibit lower coefficients of friction, high thermal stability and superior heat-transfer ability. These inherent properties reduce friction and result in reduced power consumption and lower operating temperatures for your compressor.

Field studies have also documented that a 3 % to 5 % efficiency improvement can be expected from synthetic lubricants. When multiplied over the lifetime of your compressor, this can mean energy savings that will significantly reduce your energy costs.

Your benefits:

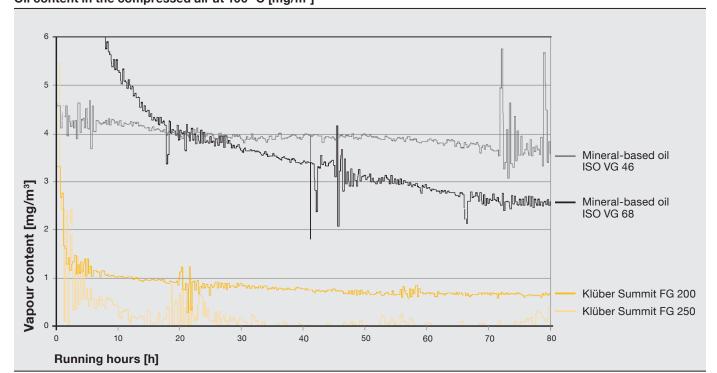
- Reduced power consumption
- Improved thermal efficiency
- Improved mechanical efficiency
- Reduced friction

Lubricant changeover from mineral oils

When switching from mineral oil to a synthetic Klüber Summit food-grade oil, please bear in mind that the air compressor may contain oxidation residues that could affect the service life of the fresh Klüber Summit food-grade oil. The compressor should be cleaned using **Klüber Summit Varnasolv** conditioner.

After switching to Klüber Summit food-grade oil, it is recommended that you determine the oil change interval with an oil analysis or the Klüber Summit TAN Kit after approx. 500 to 1,000 operating hours.

Oil content in the compressed air at 100 °C [mg/m³]



Klüber Lubrication products have a lower oil vapour content in the compressed air for less oil consumption, better efficiency and longer lifetime. Downstream refinery requires less maintenance due to reduced residual oil content in the compressed air, with filter lifetime increasing as a result.

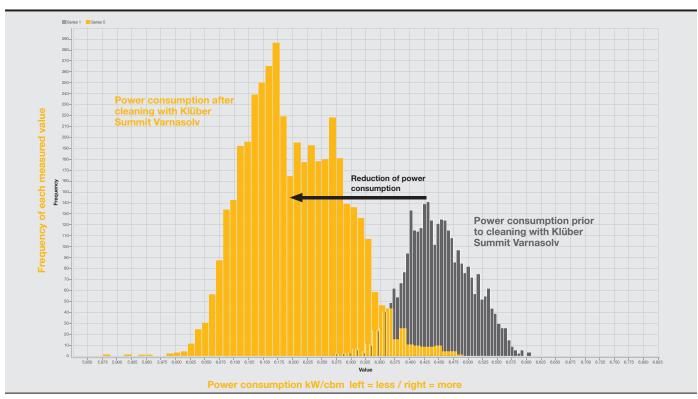
Klüber Summit Varnasolv Air compressor varnish cleaner

Klüber Summit Varnasolv is a concentrated conditioner fluid containing synthetic ester oil and cleaning additives. It is miscible with mineral oils, synthetic hydrocarbons, ester oils and polyglycol. Klüber Summit Varnasolv was developed especially for cleaning rotary screw compressors, vane compressors, hydraulic systems, gears and other oil circulating systems.

Mineral oil-based compressor oils can cause lacquer-like residues and carbon build-up in oil-injected screw-type and rotary vane compressors that may form deposits in the entire oil circuit.

This often results in increased energy consumption, increased temperature, clogged oil lines and filters, and high maintenance costs and downtime. **Klüber Summit Varnasolv** is a fluid

cleaning concentrate designed to dissolve sticky residues, varnish and carbon build-up during operation and keep them suspended in the oil. The compressor unit does not have to be dismantled for cleaning purposes. The oil containing the residues is drained during the oil change and the compressor is filled with fresh oil. **Klüber Summit Varnasolv** is added to the oil fill at a concentration of 10 % (1 | **Klüber Summit Varnasolv** to 10 | oil fill) after a sufficient amount of oil has been drained from the system. The compressor unit is then operated for 40 to 60 h, ideally at an operating oil temperature of 70–80 °C. Oil filters and separators should be replaced afterwards and the compressor filled with fresh oil. Cleaning the compressor increases its efficiency.



The field test shows that power consumption decreased by $5\,\%$ on average when using Klüber Summit Varnasolv



Refrigeration compressor oils

Refrigeration compressors are responsible for most of the energy consumption in some food production facilities.

The use of high-performance compressor oils from Klüber Lubrication allows you to reduce your energy costs and increase the general reliability of your plant.

Manufactured with much less sulphur content, they produce a smaller gas reaction (e.g. ammonia), cleaner filters and coalescers, and also greater heat transfer efficiency with low oil carryover.

The list below sets out the recommended refrigeration oils according to the application requirement.

| Application | Product | Base oil | ISO VG DIN 51519 | Viscosity Index | Flash point [°C] | Pour point [°C] | NSF H1 reg. number |
|--|----------------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Screw-type | Klüber Summit R 100 | PAO | 32 | ≥ 120 | ≥ 230 | ≤ -60 | 134117 |
| refrigeration compressors | Klüber Summit R 150 | PAO | 46 | ≥ 130 | ≥ 230 | ≤-55 | 150873 |
| operating with ammonia and CO ₂ | Klüber Summit R 200 | PAO | 68 | ≥ 130 | ≥ 240 | ≤ -51 | 134122 |
| Reciprocating refrigeration compressors | Klüber Summit R 300 | PAO | 100 | ≥ 138 | ≥ 240 | ≤-39 | 134123 |
| Refrigeration compressors operating with ammonia and dry evaporation | Klüber Summit RPS 52 | PAG | 52 | ≥ 200 | ≥ 210 | ≤-34 | 146736 |
| Refrigeration compressors operating with ammonia | Klüber Summit RHT 68 | Mineral | 68 | ≥ 90 | ≥ 240 | ≤-39 | H2-144398 |

Hint:

Klüber Summit R and Klüber Summit RHT series are also suitable for lubricating ammonia pumps. Please check the equipment manual to select the correct viscosity.

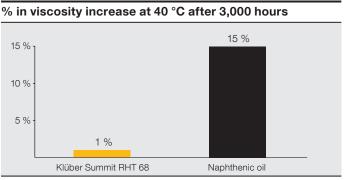


Klüber Summit RHT 68 primarily focuses on ammonia, but can also be used with other refrigerants, for example R 22. It is a hydrotreated API group II oil, which means this product is very inert and will not react with ammonia. A very low content of sulphur results in no formation of sludge or varnish.

Less evaporation loss = less oil consumption

50 % less oil carryover when compared to conventional naphthenic oil

Less change in viscosity = less residue formation = longer oil lifetime



Practical experience shows that oil filters in ammonia installations working with the RHT 68 series can last up to 10,000 hours

Klüber Summit R series, due to its very low pour point, is suitable for extremely low temperatures at the compressor evaporator (–60 °C, depending on the viscosity). It prevents the accumulation of frozen oil residues at the evaporator and maximises the heat exchange. R series is also used in ${\rm CO}_2$ systems or ammonia- ${\rm CO}_2$ cascade systems, when ammonia is used to cool down ${\rm CO}_2$ gas, or to internally lubricate ammonia pumps.

Klüber Summit RPS 52, unlike mineral oils and polyalphaolefins, is miscible with ammonia, thus the oil entrained in the refrigeration cycle is recycled to the compressor together with the refrigerant. Therefore, it is no longer necessary to have oil catches in the refrigeration cycle, like in the case of non-miscible oils. Our experience gained in practice has shown that Klüber Summit RPS 52 can be used for evaporating temperatures as low as -40 °C depending on the operating conditions.

Lubrication of metal can seaming machines

The lubricant must protect the gearing and other moving parts of the can seaming equipment using recirculated oil. The lubricant must also be able to hold water, juice, syrups and other contaminants in suspension, allowing for easy removal by the filtration process.

Can seaming oils

| Application | Product | ISO VG DIN ISO 3448 | Base oil | Service temperature range | | Kinematic viscosity, DIN 51562 | NSF H1 reg. |
|---|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | 40 °C [mm²/s] approx. | number |
| Can seaming machines, total loss | Klüberfood NH1 M 4-100 | 100 | PAO | -30 | 135 | 100 | 147016 |
| lubrication or recirculating systems with water separation by filtering | Klüberfood NH1 M 4-150 | 150 | PAO | -30 | 135 | 150 | 147017 |
| | Klüberfood NH1 M 4-220 | 220 | PAO | -30 | 135 | 220 | 147018 |

Can seaming greases

| Application | Product | Speed factor [mm × min ⁻¹] | NLGI grade DIN 51818 | Service temper range | | Base oil viscosity | Base oil | Thickener | NSF H1 reg. |
|-----------------|------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | 40 °C [mm²/s] approx. | | | num- ber |
| Seaming rollers | Klübersynth UH1 14-151 | 500,000 | 1 | -45 | 120 | 150 | PAO | Aluminium complex | 056354 |
| | Klübersynth UH1 64-62 | 500,000 | 2 | -40 | 150 | 65 | PAO | Silicate | 136871 |

Lubricants for chains

As a food producer, you are certain to be using chains in your production process for transferring power, driving or controlling machinery, lifting operations or, most commonly, transporting foodstuffs.

In addition to the challenges resulting from the design of this machine element, you should consider the environment in which the chain is operating.

Chains are often used in the food industry to drive conveyor systems in very hot areas (bakery ovens or beverage can manufacturing), very cold areas (freezing tunnels in the meat industry, ice cream production and other frozen foods) or through high-humidity areas such as in proofer ovens or pasta and cereal dryers.

d in the food industry to drive conveyor with the listed requirements; the lubricants must also ensure safety in the production areas, as in some cases contact with foodstuffs cannot be avoided.

to meet all the technical requirements.

We offer an extensive list of products for chain lubrication, customised to suit your specific requirements for initial lubrication or relubrication.

Chains are versatile design elements used in the transmission of power. They consist of a series of identical - usually metal - links.

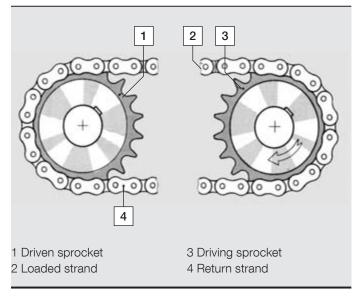
There are various types of chains to cover different requirements,

for example roller chains, pin chains and bushing chains. A chain performs a very complex movement, resulting in a permanent

state of mixed friction. The tribo-system needs a special lubricant

Each application requires a reliable lubrication solution to deal

Schematic view of a chain drive





Lubricants for chains

| Application | Product 153014 | Kinematic viscosity, DIN 51562 | Service temper range | ~ | Base oil | Viscosity Index | NSF H1 reg. | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | 40 °C [mm²/s] approx. | From [°C] | To [°C] | | | number | |
| Extreme temperatures [up to 650 °C*] | Klüberfood NH1 CH 6-120 SUPREME | 120 | -30 | 650 | PAG + solids | n.a. | 153014 | |
| High temperatures | Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-460 | 460 | -20 | 250 | Ester | ≥ 95 | 151665 | |
| [up to 250 °C] | Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-75 Plus | 75 | -20 | 250 | Ester | ≥ 120 | 146429 | |
| | Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-220 Plus | 220 | -20 | 250 | Ester | ≥ 105 | 146427 | |
| | Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-260 Plus | 260 | -15 | 250 | Ester | ≥ 90 | 146428 | |
| | Klüberfood NH1 C 6-150 | 150 | -20 | 160 | Ester | ≥ 210 | 133720 | |
| Low temperatures | Klüber Summit HySyn FG 32 | 32 | -45 | 135 | PAO | ≥ 120 | 133733 | |
| [down to -45 °C] | Klüberoil 4 UH1-15 | 15 | -45 | 110 | PAO, ester | ≥ 120 | 136436 | |
| Medium temperatures | Klüberoil 4 UH1-460 N | 460 | -30 | 120 | PAO, ester | ≥ 150 | 121170 | |
| [up to 160 °C] | Klüberfood NH1 CTH 6-220 | 220 | -30 | 160 | PAG | ≥ 200 | 139201 | |
| No drip-off | Klüberfood NH1 CX 4-220 | 220 | -40 | 85 | PAO, ester | n.a. | 150529 | |
| | Klübersynth NH1 4-68 Foam Spray | 68 | -35 | 120 | PAO, ester | n.a. | 148259 | |
| | Klüberoil 4 UH1-1500 N Spray | 1,500 | -20 | 120 | PAO, ester | ≥ 180 | 130064 | |
| Dry wax for initial lubrication** | Klüberplus SK 02-295 | n.a. | -40 | 120 | n.a. | n.a. | 136216 | |
| Sugar solvent | Klüberfood NH1 1-17 | n.a. | -40 | 60 | Mineral | n.a. | 138125 | |
| | Klüberfood NH1 6-10 | 12 | 0 | 60 | PAG | n.a. | 138556 | |
| | Klüberfood NH1 6-180 | 170 | -15 | 80 | PAG | n.a. | 138575 | |
| Humid areas | Klüberfood NH1 C 8-80 | 80 | -30 | 120 | PAO, mineral | ≥ 90 | 142053 | |
| Conveyor belts | Klüberfood NH1 C 4-58 | 46 | -40 | 135 | PAO | n.a. | 144464 | |

^{*} Dry lubrication
** For further information about wax lubrication, please contact our specialists.

Thermal stability and wear protection at high temperatures

When operating at high temperatures, chain oils must offer good thermal stability for preserving the components and increasing the lifetime of the chain, even under extreme conditions (e.g. load and speed).

The products Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-220 Plus and Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-260 Plus demonstrate excellent thermal stability and wear protection.

Thermal stability is measured using a dish test and carbonisation tests; the main objectives are to evaluate the ageing behaviour and oxidation resistance of the lubricant according to the temperature.

Wear protection is measured by a specific high-temperature chain test rig, simulating real working conditions. It compares the time necessary to achieve a certain elongation of the chains by using different lubricating oils.

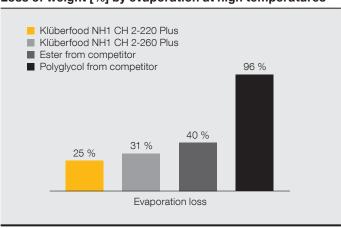


Test is performed using a capped dish simulating the chain's working conditions

Dish test (evaporation loss)

The test shows the oil weight loss by evaporation after 24 hours at 250 $^{\circ}$ C.

Loss of weight [%] by evaporation at high temperatures



Klüber Lubrication high-temperature chain oils show 22 % to 37 % lower evaporation losses when compared to the best competitor product.

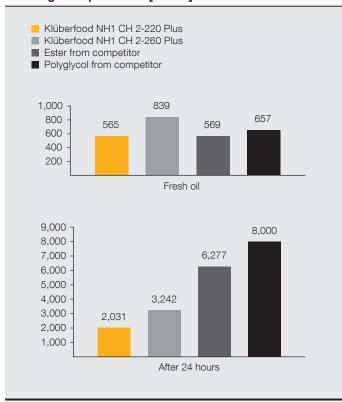
Less evaporation losses lead to lower oil consumption and longer relubrication intervals.



Dish test (dynamic viscosity)

This test complements the evaporation loss test. It measures the increase in dynamic viscosity before and after the test.

Dynamic viscosity increase of the residual oil at high temperatures [mPa·s]



Both Klüber Lubrication high-temperature chain oils show the lowest increase in dynamic viscosity after 24 hours testing.

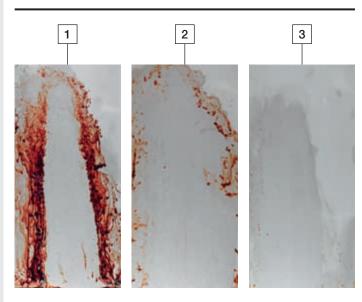
The increase in dynamic viscosity over time is undesirable as it makes it difficult for the new oil to flow correctly between the pins and keep the chain well lubricated.

The lower increase of dynamic viscosity allows better oil penetration, therefore longer lifetime of the chain.

Carbonisation test

Oil is kept heated constantly at 240 °C and applied on a metal polished surface (30 ml per hour in small drops). The objective is to evaluate the condition of the metal surface after 48 hours.

A cleaner surface means the oil created less residues, therefore cleaning is less frequently required



- 1 Competitor product, ester-based
- 2 Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-220 Plus
- 3 Klüberfood NH1 CH 2-260 Plus

The polyglycol competitor product did not pass the test.



Klüber Lubrication chain test rig

This test rig allows an evaluation of high-temperature chain oils under reproducible conditions similar to actual use. Since the thermal and the mechanical load are the critical parameters, this test mainly determines the effect of temperature on the chain oil's antiwear behaviour.

Test conditions

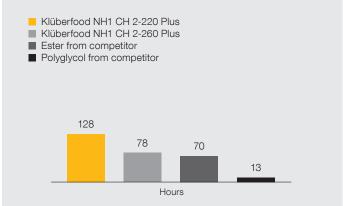
Temperature: 180 and 220 °C

Speed: 0.5 m · min-1

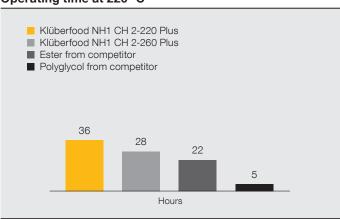
Load: weight of approx. 2,600 N

The objective is to measure the operating time at the abovementioned conditions to achieve an elongation of 0.1 % in the roller chain.





Operating time at 220 °C



Hydraulic and pneumatic lubricants

Following the advance of technology, hydraulic systems, working independently to generate movements in several machines or integrated into food machinery, have increased the demand for high-performance fluids.

Nowadays the role of hydraulic fluids goes beyond the transmission of power – they need to cope with different working

temperatures, smaller systems with higher pressure, good compatibility with seals and paints and, additionally, contribute to energy saving and maintenance cost savings.

Below is a selection of fully synthetic H1 hydraulic fluids specially designed for the food industry.

Hydraulic fluids

| Application | Product | Marking acc. to DIN 51502 | Base oil | Service temperature range | | mperature compatibility | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|------------|---|--------|--|
| | | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | | number | |
| High-pressure hydraulic systems | Klüberfood 4 NH1-32 | HLP 32 | PAO | -45 | 135 | Neoprene NBRE, FPM | 137442 | |
| | Klüberfood 4 NH1-46 | HLP 46 | PAO | -40 | 135 | and PTFE. Nylon (poly- amide) and PVC. Acrylic | 137443 | |
| | Klüberfood 4 NH1-68 | HLP 68 | PAO | -40 | 135 | and epoxy resin based | 137444 | |
| | Klüberfood 4 NH1-100 | HLP 100 | PAO | -35 | 135 | paints | 137441 | |

Lubricants for lubricators and pneumatic installations

We offer you special H1 oils for lubricators in two viscosities. These oils can be used for pneumatic installations, such as compressed air tools, compressed air conditioners, air systems in packaging machines and air pipes, or to extend the lifetime of friction points, including cylinders, valves and tappets.

| Application | Product | ISO VG DIN 51 519 | Base oil | NSF H1 reg. number |
|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| Lubricators | Klüber Summit HySyn FG 15 | 15 | PAO | 129191 |
| | PARALIQ P 12 | 22 | Mineral | 056374 |

| Application | Product | Base oil | Seal types | Compatibility | NSF H1 reg. number |
|--|-----------------------|----------|---|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Special grease for pneumatic cylinders | Klüberfood NH1 34-401 | PAO | Damping seal, piston seal, rod seal | Not compatible with EPDM | 149161 |

Products for mechanical seals, assembly and maintenance

Maintenance products

| Requirement | Product | Upper service temperature [°C] | NSF |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Corrosion protection | Klüberfood NH1 K 32 | 80 | H1-138106 |
| | Klüberfood NH1 K 32 Spray | 80 | H1-130873 |
| Water displacement | Klüberfood NH1 4-002 Spray | 50 | H1-143558 |
| Cleaner & degreaser | Klüberfood NK1 Z 8-001 Spray | - | K1/K3-143557 |
| Solvent | Klüberfluid NH1 1-002* | - | H1/K1 - 139165 |

Water displacement properties

Machines in the food industry that are susceptible to water washdown must be given protection against corrosion and water accumulation on metal surfaces.

To investigate water displacing properties and subsequent corrosion, a thin film of water is spread on the metal surface and then a drop of oil is applied.







Klüberfood NH1 4-002

H1 compared product Non-H1 water displacer

The result above shows that Klüberfood NH1 4-002 was able to displace a higher amount of water when compared to other products, even those without H1 approval.



Assembly pastes

| Application | Product | Base oil | Thick- ener | Service temperature range | | temperature | | Base oil viscosity | Four-ball tester welding load DIN 51350 [N] | NSF H1 reg. number |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------------|---------|--------------------|---|--------------------------|
| | | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | 40 °C [mm²/s] | | | | |
| Low and normal temperatures | Klüberpaste UH1 84-201 | PAO | PTFE | -45 | 120 | 200 | > 3,000 | 136305 | | |
| High temperatures | Klüberpaste UH1 96-402 | PAG | Silicate | -30 | 1,200 | 360 | > 2,500 | 056338 | | |
| | Klüberpaste UH1 96-402 Spray | PAG | Silicate | -30 | 1,200 | 360 | > 2,500 | 144396 | | |

Barrier fluids for mechanical seals

| Application | Product | Base oil | Base oil Service temperature | | NSF H1 |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------|------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | reg. number |
| Mechanical seals | Klüberfluid NH1 4-005 | PAO | -45 | 150 | 143373 |
| | Klüberoil 4 UH1-15 AF | PAO | -40 | 110 | 139102 |
| | Klüber Summit HySyn FG 15 | PAO | -45 | 135 | 129191 |
| | PARALIQ P 12 | Mineral | -10 | 120 | 056374 |

Heat transfer fluids

| Application | Product | Base oil | Service temperature range | | Maximum oil film tempera- | Heat capacity [kJ/kg K] | Base oil viscosity* | NSF HT1 |
|---|----------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | ture [°C] | at 300 °C | 40 °C [mm²/s] approx. | |
| Process of heating with closed systems in the food industry | Klüberfood NHT1 1-16 | White oil | 0 | 300** | 325 | 3.08 | 16 | 146829 |

^{*}Lower base oil viscosity allows: 1. Faster start-ups, even at low temperature 2. Higher flow speed, reducing the degradation level of the fluid at heating unit **High thermal conductivity even at high temperatures 0.13 and 0.12 W /m K approx. between 100 and 300 °C.

Release agents

| Application | Product | Base oil | Base oil viscosity* | Pour point | Flash point | NSF |
|-------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | 40 °C [mm²/s] approx. [°C] [°C] | | [°C] | |
| Food product | PARALIQ 91 PARALIQ 91 Spray | Ester oil | 14 | ≤ 5 | > 230 | H1/3H - 056380 H1/3H - 056380 |
| | PARALIQ P 12 | White oil | 21 | ≤ 12 | > 180 | H1/3H - 056374 |
| | PARALIQ P 40 | White oil | 70 | ≤ 20 | > 200 | H1/3H - 056379 |
| Rubber and plastic, elastomer | UNISILKON TK 002/500 UNISILKON TK 002/1000 | Methyl silicone | 400 1,000 | ≤ 50 ≤ 45 | > 300 | H1 - 113764 H1 - 142117 |
| parts of vending machines | UNISILKON M 2000 Spray | oil | 1,000 | ≤ 50 | > 300 | H1 – 056386 |

Greases for valves and fittings

Valves and fittings include complex tribological systems. To minimise wear of such components, the lubricant must be compatible with many materials.

Lubricants for drinking water valves need to meet country-specific guidelines, be resistant to media, provide a good sealing effect

and offer good tactile properties at all temperatures. Our certified speciality lubricants are designed to meet your individual requirements, ensuring your valves and fittings operate reliably for their entire lifetime.

| Application | Product | Elastomer compatibility | NLGI grade | Base oil | Thickener | Service temperature range | | NSF H1 reg. |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|----------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | From [°C] | To [°C] | num- ber |
| Beverage valves | Klübersynth UH1 64-2403 | NBR | 3 | PAO | Silicate | -10 | 140 | 056363 |
| and fittings | PARALIQ GTE 703 | NBR, | 3 | Silicone | PTFE | -50 | 150 | 056372 |
| Beverage valves and fittings, in sterile environments | Klüberfood NH1 87-703 Hyg | EPDM, FPM | 3 | Silicone | PTFE | -45 | 150 | 136532 |
| Beverage, drinking water and heating valves | UNISILKON L 250 L | EPDM, NBR | 3 | Silicone | PTFE | -45 | 160 | 141714 |
| | UNISILKON LCA 3801 | NBR, EPDM, VMK | 1 | Silicone | ne Calcium -40 | -4 0 | 140 | 146027 |
| Sanitary beverage and heating valves. (soft grease requirement) | Klüberbeta VR 67-3500 | NBR, EPDM, FPM | 0 | Silicone | PTFE | -40 | 140 | 144018 |

KlüberEfficiencySupport

Services by Klüber Lubrication – your success from one tool box

Every manufacturer and operator in every industry wants his machinery to run reliably and efficiently to its design life and beyond. The right lubricants carry considerable potential to reduce energy costs, spare parts and labour while increasing productivity. Companies from many industries have been

using Klüber Lubrication's professional services in addition to its high-quality lubricants to benefit from considerable added value and the optimum solution for their needs. Our consulting and other services are put together under the umbrella of KlüberEfficiencySupport.

KlüberEfficiencySupport KlüberEnergy KlüberMaintain KlüberMonitor Consultant services for optimisation of the Increased productivity through used Support for your lubricant management lubricant analyses. Recommendations for energy efficiency of your lubricant applicaand maintenance programmes such as tion; verification through energy measure-TPM1 with regard to lubricants and the optimisation based on trend analyses and ments and reporting of cost saving. associated maintenance activities. test rig results. KlüberCollege - Increasing people efficiency

The methodology was developed by Klüber Lubrication, is tried-and-tested and consists of a multi-stage, systematic approach. We identify your requirements together with you at an early stage to discover potential for optimisation. From there, we develop solutions with you to improve the energy efficiency of your machinery or the efficiency of your maintenance and

production processes, machines or components, going well beyond a simple lubricant recommendation. We also verify the effects our measures have in practice. This provides you with everything you need to multiply improvements and develop your success.

The right lubricant at the right place at the right time

Systems for automatic lubrication

We at Klüber Lubrication understand ourselves as a solution provider. We not only supply high-performance oils and greases, but also "intelligent packages" for automatic lubrication of your machines and components. Selected lubricants covering a wide range of typical applications are available in automatic lubricant dispensers for single-point lubrication. These tried-and-tested systems based on electromechanical or electrochemical

technology are available with standard, long-term or high-pressure greases, standard or high-temperature chain oils and special oils and greases for the food-processing industry. We are also able to supply other lubricants in automatic dispensers on request and for higher order volumes, provided they have been tested and approved for use – please contact your Klüber Lubrication consultant for details.

Your benefits at a glance

Profitability

Continuous production processes and predictable maintenance intervals reduce production losses to a minimum. Consistently high lubricant quality ensures continuous, maintenance-free long-term lubrication for high plant availability. Continuous supply of fresh lubricant to the lubrication points keeps friction low and reduces energy costs.



Lubrication with Klübermatic can reduce costs by up to 25 %

Safety

Longer lubrication intervals reduce the frequency of maintenance work and the need for your staff to work in danger zones. Lubrication systems from Klüber Lubrication can therefore considerably reduce occupational safety risks in work areas that are difficult to access.



Lubrication with Klübermatic can decrease the risk of accidents by up to 90 %

Reliability

Automatic lubrication systems from Klüber Lubrication ensure reliable, clean and precise lubrication around the clock. Plant availability is ensured by continuous relubrication of the application.



Lubrication with Klübermatic may help to prevent up to 55 % of rolling bearing failures

From low-cost to high-tech – automatic systems for all requirements

Klüber Lubrication offers you the following technological solutions:

- freely adjustable lubrication increments between 1 and 12 months
- range of speciality lubricants
- self-contained or machine-controlled lubrication systems (time control with programmable controller)
- combination of tried-and-tested Klüber Lubrication lubricants with proven automatic lubricant dispensers



Flexible use – and for lubrication points with high requirements

For applications subject to wide temperature fluctuations

Precise and adjustable lubricant metering

Externally controlled single-point relubrication

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